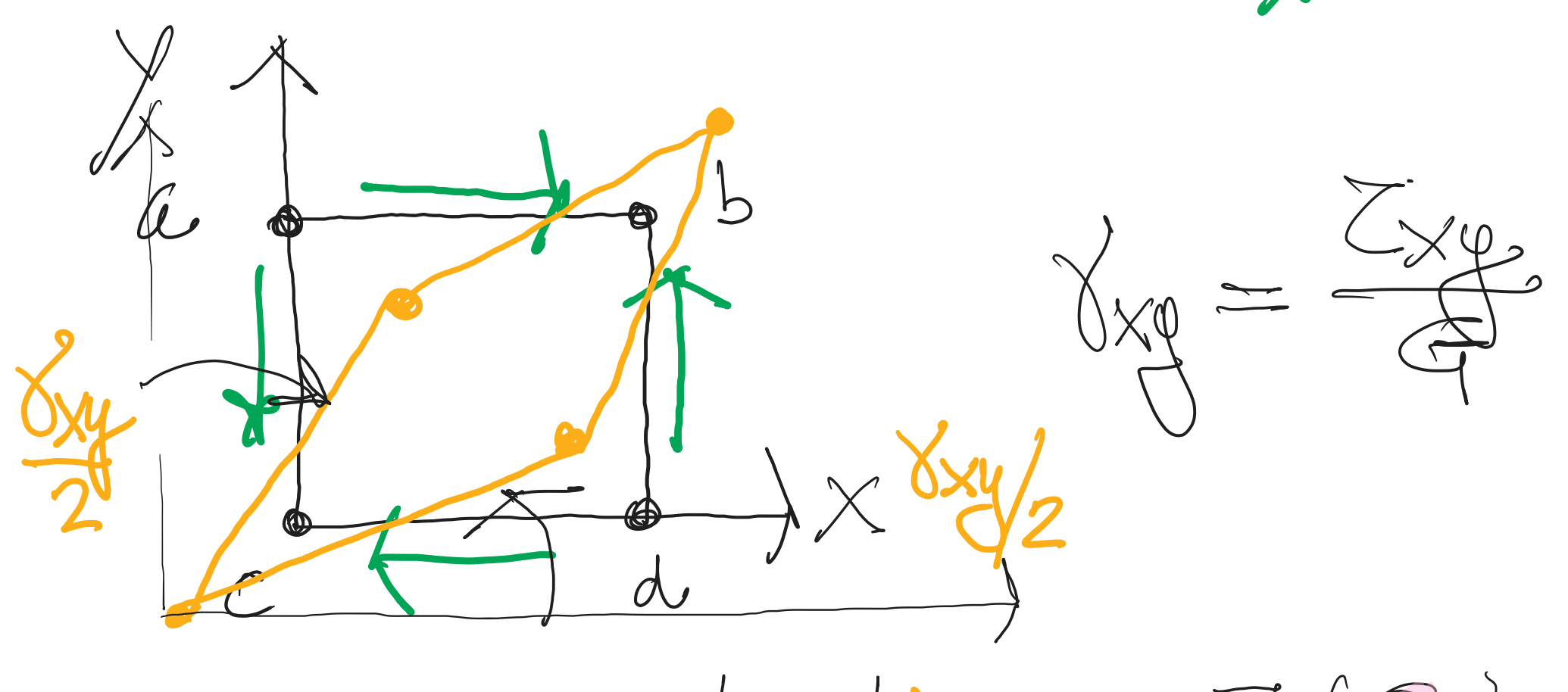


$\sigma_x$	$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$	$-\mu \frac{\partial v}{\partial x}$	$-\mu \frac{\partial w}{\partial x}$
$\sigma_y$	$-\mu \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$	$\frac{\partial v}{\partial y}$	$-\mu \frac{\partial w}{\partial y}$
$\sigma_z$	$-\mu \frac{\partial u}{\partial z}$	$-\mu \frac{\partial v}{\partial z}$	$\frac{\partial w}{\partial z}$



LEY DE HOOKE GENERALIZADA

$$\epsilon_x = \frac{\sigma_x}{E} - \mu \frac{\sigma_y}{E} - \mu \frac{\sigma_z}{E}$$

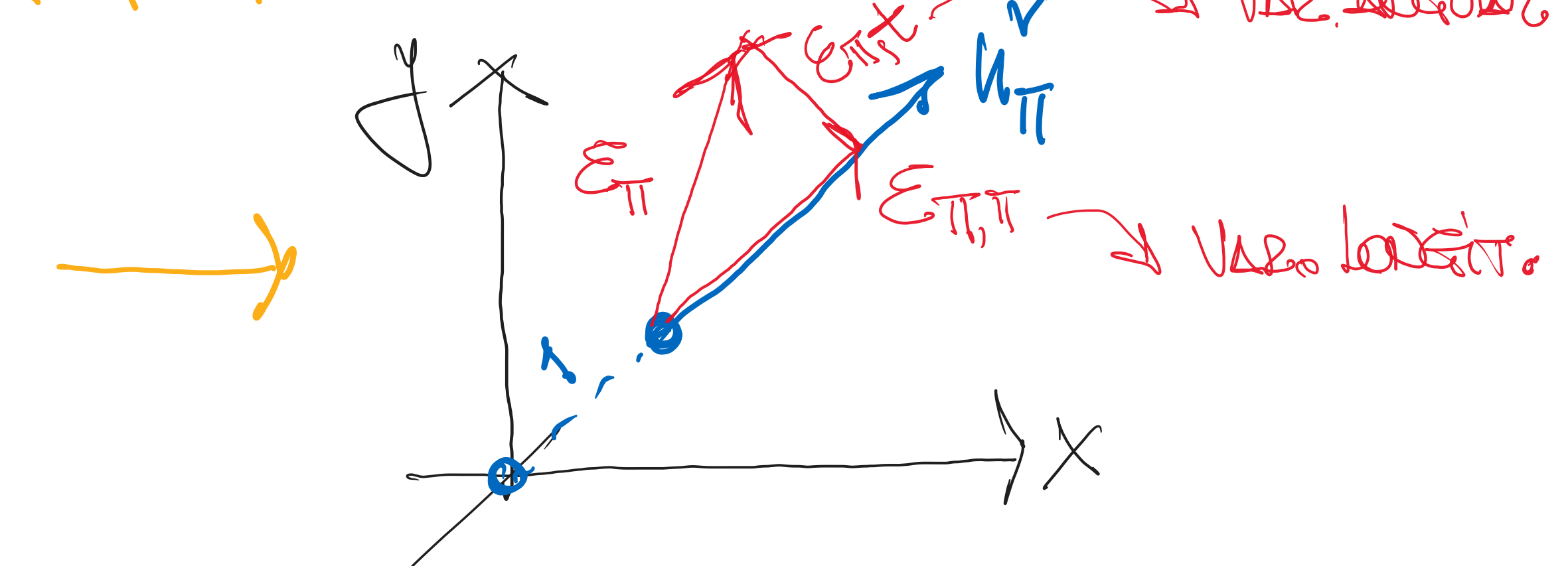
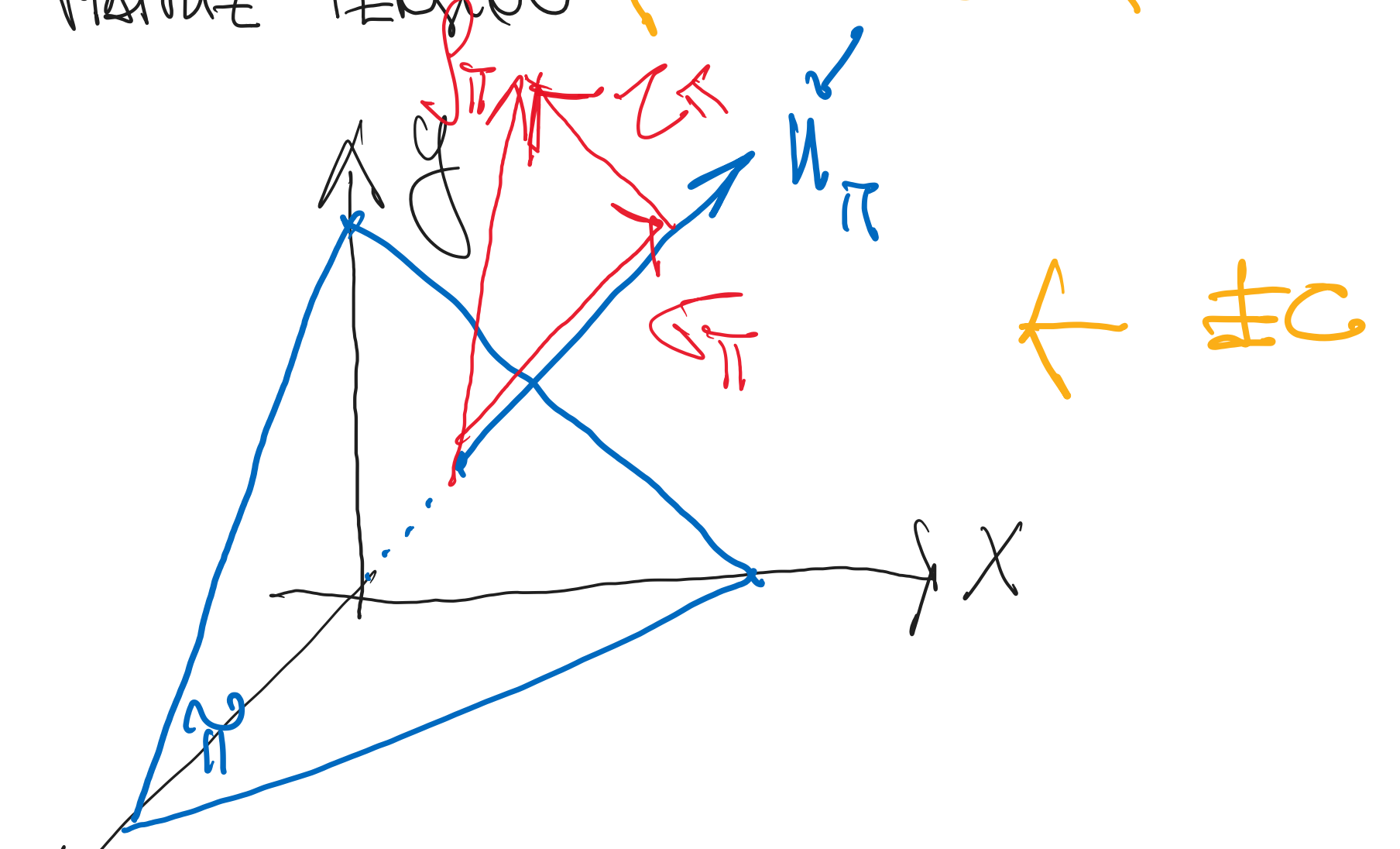
$$\epsilon_y = -\mu \frac{\sigma_x}{E} + \frac{\sigma_y}{E} - \mu \frac{\sigma_z}{E}$$

$$\epsilon_z = -\mu \frac{\sigma_x}{E} - \mu \frac{\sigma_y}{E} + \frac{\sigma_z}{E}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \sigma_z \\ \tau_{xy} \\ \tau_{yz} \\ \tau_{zx} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/E & -\mu/E & -\mu/E & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\mu/E & 1/E & -\mu/E & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\mu/E & -\mu/E & 1/E & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/G & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/G & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/G \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_x \\ \epsilon_y \\ \epsilon_z \\ \gamma_{xy} \\ \gamma_{yz} \\ \gamma_{zx} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$[T] = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x & \tau_{xy} & \tau_{xz} \\ \tau_{yx} & \sigma_y & \tau_{yz} \\ \tau_{zx} & \tau_{zy} & \sigma_z \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow [D] = \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_x & \gamma_{xy}/2 & \gamma_{xz}/2 \\ \gamma_{xy}/2 & \epsilon_y & \gamma_{yz}/2 \\ \gamma_{xz}/2 & \gamma_{yz}/2 & \epsilon_z \end{bmatrix}$$

MATRIZ DE TENSION ← ECUACIONES CONSTITUTIVAS → MATRIZ DE DEFORMACION → LAS RESPUESTAS



$$([T] - \sigma_i [1]) \cdot u_j = 0$$

AUTOVALORES  $\sigma_1; \sigma_2; \sigma_3$

AUTOVECTORES  $u_1^v; u_2^v; u_3^v$

$$([D] - \epsilon_i [1]) \cdot u_j = 0$$

AUTOVALORES  $\epsilon_1; \epsilon_2; \epsilon_3$

AUTOVECTORES  $u_1^v; u_2^v; u_3^v$

$$[T_p] = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1 & & \\ & \sigma_2 & \\ & & \sigma_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[D_p] = \begin{bmatrix} \epsilon_1 & & \\ & \epsilon_2 & \\ & & \epsilon_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\epsilon_1 = \frac{\sigma_1}{E} - \mu \frac{\sigma_2}{E} - \mu \frac{\sigma_3}{E}$$

$$\epsilon_2 = -\mu \frac{\sigma_1}{E} + \frac{\sigma_2}{E} - \mu \frac{\sigma_3}{E}$$

$$\epsilon_3 = -\mu \frac{\sigma_1}{E} - \mu \frac{\sigma_2}{E} + \frac{\sigma_3}{E}$$

