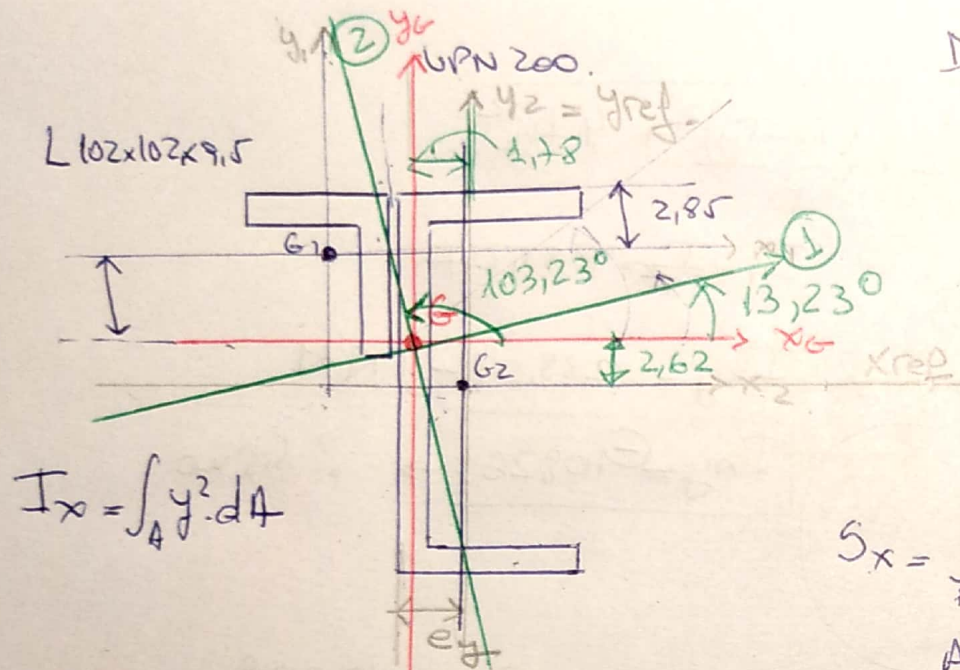




$$I_x = \int_A y^2 \cdot dA$$

Determinación del Baricentro

$$y_G \cdot A_T = 18,63 \text{ cm}^2 \cdot (100 \text{ mm} - 2,85 \text{ cm}) \Rightarrow$$

$$y_G = \frac{18,63 \cdot (10 - 2,85)}{50,83} \Rightarrow \boxed{y_G = 2,62 \text{ cm}}$$

$$x_G \cdot A_T = 18,63 \text{ cm}^2 \cdot (2,95 - 2,01) \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{x_G = -1,78 \text{ cm}} \quad I_{xy} = I_{x_G y_G} + A \cdot a \cdot b$$

Determinación I_{x_G} , I_{y_G} , $I_{x_G y_G}$ → Teorema de Steiner: $\boxed{I_x = I_{x_G} + A \cdot d^2}$

$$I_{x_G} = 178,81 + 18,63 \cdot (4,52)^2 + 1910 + 32,2 \cdot (2,62)^2 \Rightarrow \boxed{I_{x_G} = 2690,46 \text{ cm}^4}$$

$$I_{y_G} = 178,81 + 18,63 \cdot (3,08)^2 + 148 + 32,2 \cdot (1,78)^2 \Rightarrow \boxed{I_{y_G} = 605,56 \text{ cm}^4}$$

$$I_{x_G y_G} = -109,26 + 18,63 (\oplus 4,52)(\ominus 3,08) + 0 + 32,2 (\ominus 2,62)(\oplus 1,78) \Rightarrow \boxed{I_{x_G y_G} = -518,8 \text{ cm}^4}$$

Determinar Ejes Principales de Inercia

Datos de los Perfiles.

L 4x4x3/8.

$b = 101,6 \text{ mm}$.

$e_x = e_y = 2,85 \text{ cm}$.

$A = 18,63 \text{ cm}^2$.

$I_x = I_y = 178,81 \text{ cm}^4$.

$I_v = 70,56 \text{ cm}^4$.

$I_z = 289,07$

$$S_x = \int_A y \cdot dA$$

$$S_y = \int_A x \cdot dA$$

$$A_T = A_1 + A_2 = (18,63 + 32,2) \text{ cm}^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{A_T = 50,83}$$

$$I_{xy} = \int_A x y \cdot dA$$

①

UPN 200.

$h = 200 \text{ mm}$

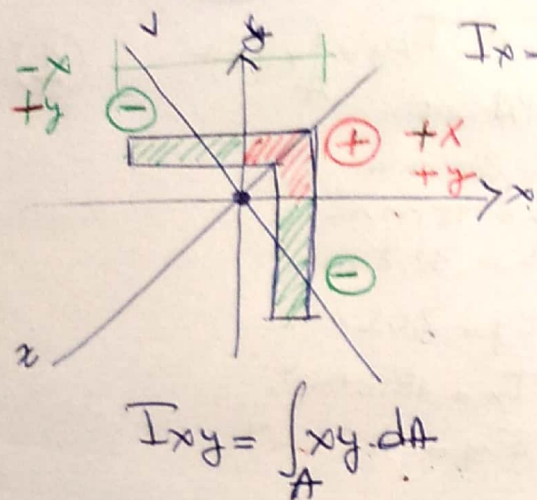
$b = 75 \text{ mm}$.

$A = 32,2 \text{ cm}^2$.

$e_y = 2,01 \text{ cm}$

$I_x = 1910 \text{ cm}^4$.

$I_y = 148 \text{ cm}^4$.



$I_x - I_y$

$$I_{1,2} = \frac{I_x + I_y}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(I_x - I_y)^2 + 4 I_{xy}^2}$$

$$I_{1,2} = I_x \pm I_{xy}$$

$$I_1 - I_2 = 289,07$$

$$I_2 = I_x + I_{xy} \rightarrow I_{xy} = 289,07 - 179,81$$

$$I_{xy} = -109,26 \rightarrow ? \text{ signo}$$

direções. Plos de Inercia

$$\tan 2\alpha = \frac{2 I_{xy}}{I_y - I_x} = \frac{2 \cdot (-518,8)}{(605,56 - 2690,46)} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha_1 = 13,23^\circ \\ \alpha_2 = \alpha_1 + 90^\circ = 103,23^\circ \end{cases}$$

$$\tan 2\alpha = -0,49$$

$$2\alpha = 26,45^\circ$$

$$I_{1,2} = \frac{(2690,46 + 605,56)}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(2690,46 - 605,56)^2 + 4(-518,8)^2}$$

1648 1164

$$\begin{cases} I_1 = 2812 \text{ cm}^4 \\ I_2 = 484 \text{ cm}^4 \end{cases}$$

$I_x =$

$$I_x = I_{xG} \cos^2 \alpha + I_{yG} \sin^2 \alpha - I_{xyG} \sin 2\alpha = 2812 \text{ cm}^4$$